This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the

application.

Listing of Claims:

Claim 1. (Currently Amended) A photoreceptor, comprising:

an electroconductive substrate;

a photosensitive layer located overlying the substrate; and

a protective layer located overlying the photosensitive layer,

wherein the photoreceptor has a the property such that when the photoreceptor

is charged so as to have a potential of -700 V and then is exposed to light with at an

exposure intensity of 0.4 μ J/cm², the potential (PL) of a lighted light exposed portion of

the photoreceptor decreases at a rate not greater than 700 V/sec during a time period of

ranging from a time of 35 msec after the said exposure to a transition time of the

photoreceptor.

Claim 2. (Original) The photoreceptor according to Claim 1, wherein the protective

layer comprises a charge transport material.

Claim 3. (Original) The photoreceptor according to Claim 2, wherein the charge

transport material is a charge transport polymer.

2

Reply to the Office Action of October 17, 2006

Claim 4. (Original) The photoreceptor according to Claim 3, wherein the charge transport polymer has a triaryl amine structure.

Claim 5. (Original) The photoreceptor according to Claim 1, wherein the photosensitive layer comprises a charge generation layer and a charge transport layer, which are overlaid.

Claim 6. (Original) The photoreceptor according to Claim 5, wherein the charge transport layer has a charge mobility (μ) not less than 1.2 x 10⁻⁵ cm²/V • sec at an electric field strength of 4 x 10⁵ V/cm, and wherein dependence (β) of the charge mobility on the electric field strength (E) is not greater than 1.6 x 10⁻³, wherein $\beta = \log \mu / E^{\frac{1}{2}}$.

Claim 7. (Currently Amended) A method for manufacturing the photoreceptor according to Claim 1, comprising:

spray-coating a protective layer coating liquid that comprises including a solvent[,] in which dissolves a resin, that is present included in the photosensitive layer, is dissolved, on the photosensitive layer, wherein the following relationship is satisfied:

wherein W1 represents a <u>the</u> weight of the coated protective layer, which is measured after coating the protective layer coating liquid and allowing the coated liquid to settle for 1 hour under <u>the</u> conditions of $25 \pm 3^{\circ}$ C and 53 ± 5 % RH[;], and W2 represents a <u>the</u> weight of the coated protective layer, which is measured after coating the protective layer coating liquid and drying the coated liquid for 10 minutes or more at a temperature not lower than a the

boiling point of the solvent.

Claim 8. (Currently Amended) An image forming apparatus, comprising:

the photoreceptor according to Claim 1;

a charger configured to charge the photoreceptor;

a light irradiator configured to irradiate the photoreceptor with imagewise light to form an electrostatic latent image on the photoreceptor;

an image developer configured to develop the electrostatic latent image with a toner to form a toner image on the photoreceptor; and

a transfer device configured to transfer the toner image to a receiving material optionally via an intermediate transfer medium,

wherein an the interval between the light irradiation step and the development step is not greater than 100 ms.

Claim 9. (Original) The image forming apparatus according to Claim 8, wherein the transition time of the photoreceptor is not greater than the interval between the light irradiation step and the development step.

Claim 10. (Currently Amended) A process cartridge, comprising:

the photoreceptor according to Claim 1; and

at least one of a charger configured to charge the photoreceptor;

a light irradiator configured to irradiate the photoreceptor with imagewise light

Appln No. 10/803,256 Reply to the Office Action of October 17, 2006

to form an electrostatic latent image on the photoreceptor;

an image developer configured to develop the electrostatic latent image with a toner to form a toner image on the photoreceptor;

a transfer device configured to transfer the toner image to a receiving material optionally via an intermediate transfer medium;

a cleaner configured to clean a surface of the photoreceptor; and

a discharger configured to reduce charges remaining on the photoreceptor.